## **Letter O Vocabulary Words**



## with Definitions and Example Sentences

3 Letter Words
$\hfill\Box$ oak: a type of large tree with acorns. "The oak tree stood tall in the park."
$\hfill \Box$ oar: a tool used to row a boat. "He paddled the boat with an oar."
$\hfill\square$ oats: a type of grain used for food. "She added oats to the cookies."
$\square$ odd: strange or unusual. "The rock has an odd shape."
$\hfill\Box$ ode: a type of poem. "He wrote an ode to the sunset."
$\hfill\Box$ off: to move away from something or someone. "He took his hat off of his head."
$\hfill\square$ oil: a slippery liquid often used in cooking. "She added olive oil to the salad dress-
ing."
$\hfill \Box$ old: not new or young. "The old paint was peeling off the house."
□ one: the number after zero. "He has one apple."
$\hfill\Box$ orb: a spherical shape or object. "The moon is an orb in the sky."
□ our: belonging to us. "This is our house."
□ out: not inside. "Let's go out to play."
$\hfill \square$ owl: a bird known for its wide, flat head, large eyes, and hunting small mammals
at night. "The owl made a hooting sound at night."
$\hfill \Box$ owe: to have an obligation to pay or repay. "I owe you ten dollars."
□ own: to possess something. "She owns a red bike."
Simple Preschool Words
$\hfill\Box$ of: used to express possession, belonging, or relationship to something. "He is a
friend of mine."
□ often: frequently; many times. "She often visits his grandparents."
$\hfill\Box$ oh: used to express surprise, understanding, and other emotions. "Oh, I didn't see
you there!"
$\hfill\square$ on: used to show that something is in contact with a surface. "The book is on the
table"



$\hfill\Box$ only: without others; solely or exclusively. "She only wanted the pink teddy bear."
□ open: not closed or locked. "He can open the box."
□ or: used to connect two or more options. "Would you like tea or coffee?"
□ orange: a bright color, like that of the fruit. "Her favorite crayon is orange."
□ oval: a shape like a stretched-out circle. "The table was shaped like an oval."
$\hfill\square$ oven: a device used for baking or roasting food. "He baked dinner in the oven."
□ over: above, higher than, or covering something else.
"The bird flew over the trees."
$\hfill\Box$ ox: a large animal that's often used for pulling heavy things; a type of cattle. "The
farmer used an ox to pull the cart."

Kindergarten Words
$\hfill \Box$ observe: to watch carefully. "They observe the different birds eating at the bird
feeder."
$\hfill \Box$ obstacle: something that gets in your way. "The big rock was an obstacle in their
path."
□ occur: to happen. "The meeting will occur at noon."
$\hfill\Box$ octagon: a shape that has eight sides. "In school, they learned to draw an octa-
gon."
$\hfill \Box$ octopus: a sea animal with eight long arms. "The octopus can hide by changing
its color."
$\hfill\Box$ offer: to present something to someone to accept or reject. "He made an offer to
help with the chores."
$\hfill\square$ omit: to leave out or remove. "She had to omit some details from the story due to
time."
□ once: one single time. "She has only been there once."
□ only: one of its kind; single or solitary. "She is the only one who can help."

 $\ \square$  onto: to move to a position that's on something. "He jumped onto the trampoline."

$\hfill \Box$ orbit: the path one object takes around another. "The Earth is in orbit around the
Sun."
$\hfill \Box$ order: to request something to be made or supplied. "She decided to order
pizza for dinner."
$\hfill\Box$ organ: a part of the body that has a specific function, like the heart or liver. "The
heart is an important organ."
$\hfill\square$ owner: someone who possesses something. "The dog's owner took it for a
walk."

Elementary Words
□ obey: to follow instructions. "He must obey the school rules."
□ object: a material thing that can be seen and touched. "The object on the table is
a vase."
□ obsolete: old and not used anymore. "The toy became obsolete a few years
later."
□ occasion: a special time or event. "They go out to eat when there's a special
occasion, like a birthday."
□ October: the tenth month of the year. "Her birthday is in October."
□ odometer: a tool in a car that shows how many miles it has gone. "Mom looked
at the odometer to see how far we drove."
□ officer: a person holding a position of command. "The officer directed the crowd."
□ ominous: looking like something bad will happen. "The sky looked ominous
before the storm."
□ omnivore: an animal that eats both plants and other animals. "A bear is an omni-
vore because it eats berries and fish."
□ online: being connected to the internet. "She researched her vacation online."
$\hfill \Box$ opinion: someone's belief about something that isn't necessarily fact. "He has a
strong opinion about elephants being pets."
□ opponent: someone you play against in a game. "After the game, he shook
hands with his opponent.

□ opulent: being very fancy or showing richness and abundance. "The castle was
filled with opulent furniture and decorations."
□ orchestra: a group of people who play music together with different instruments.
"She saw an orchestra play beautiful music."
□ ordinary: with no special or unique features. "The cat looked very ordinary, with
plain gray fur and no special markings."
□ origami: the art of folding paper into shapes like birds or flowers. "They made
origami birds with paper."
□ origin: the point where something begins. "The origin of the river is in the moun-
tains."
□ other: refers to a person or thing that is different from something else. "The
other car was red."
□ ounce: a unit of weight. "She added an ounce of chocolate to the recipe."
□ outcome: the result of an action or event. "The outcome of the game was a tie."
□ ovation: clapping loudly for a long time to show you enjoyed a performance.
"The singer got a big ovation after her song."
□ overflow: to flow over the edges of something. "The river may overflow its
banks during heavy rain."
Food Words
□ oatcake: a type of flatbread made from oats that's popular in Scotland. "They
served oatcakes with cheese as a snack."
□ oatmeal: a breakfast food made from oats, water, or milk. "She eats oatmeal
every morning."
□ oat milk: a drink made from oats and water; substitute for dairy milk. "He poured
oat milk into his cereal."
□ okra: an edible seed pod that's often used in soups and stews. "She picked okra
from the garden to use in a soup for dinner."
□ olive: a small green, brown, or black fruit used in savory foods. "He added olives

to the salad."

□ olive oil: oil extracted from olives, used for cooking. "She drizzled olive oil onto the
slices of bread."
$\hfill \square$ omelet: eggs that are beaten and cooked so they can be filled with cheese, meat,
or vegetables and folded in half. "She made a cheese omelet for breakfast."
$\hfill\square$ onion: a vegetable with a strong flavor and smell. "She chopped an onion for the
soup."
$\hfill\Box$ orange: a round, sweet citrus fruit with a thick skin that is peeled off before eating.
"She peeled an orange for a snack."
□ oregano: herb used in cooking. "He sprinkled dried oregano on the pizza."
$\hfill\square$ orzo: a type of pasta shaped like large grains of rice. "She served orzo with her
chicken dish."
□ oxtail: the tail of a cow, used to make a rich soup or stew. "They enjoyed a hearty
oxtail soup during dinner."
□ oyster: a type of shellfish often eaten cooked or raw. "They enjoyed fresh oysters
at the seafood restaurant."

## **Animal Words**

$\hfill\Box$ ocelot: a wild cat with spotted fur that's found in South America. "The ocelot
prowled through the jungle."
$\hfill\square$ okapi: an animal that looks like a cross between a zebra and a giraffe. "The okapi
grazed on leaves in the forest."
$\hfill\Box$ olm: a blind aquatic salamander that lives in caves. "The olm can live for many
years without food."
$\hfill\square$ opossum: a small nocturnal animal with fur and a long tail that climbs trees. "The
kids spotted an opossum in the tree."
$\hfill\Box$ orangutan: a large ape with red-brown hair and long arms. "The orangutan swung
from branch to branch."
$\hfill\Box$ orca: a large black and white whale. "The orca jumped out of the water."
□ oriole: a colorful bird known for its bright colors and sweet song. "The oriole built
a nest in the tree."

$\square$ osprey: a bird of prey that catches fish from the water. "The osprey dove into the
lake to catch its meal."
$\hfill\square$ ostrich: a tall bird with a long neck and legs that cannot fly. "The ostrich ran fast
across the field."
$\hfill\Box$ otter: a small mammal with a long tail that lives in water. "The otter swam grace-

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□ oboe: a woodwind musical instrument with a slender shape and a rich sound.
"He learned to play the oboe in music class."
$\hfill\square$ ocarina: a small musical instrument shaped like a potato, played by blowing air
into it. "She played a tune on her ocarina."
$\hfill\Box$ oilcan: a container with a spout used for applying oil to machinery. "He used the
oilcan to lubricate the hinges."
$\hfill\square$ ornament: a decoration used to beautify something. "They hung a shiny orna-
ment on the Christmas tree."
$\hfill\square$ ottoman: a low, upholstered seat without a back or arms. "She put her feet up
on the ottoman."
$\hfill\square$ outlet: an electrical point where you plug in devices to get power. "She plugged
the lamp into the outlet."
$\hfill\square$ overalls: a type of clothing that covers the stomach, chest, and legs and has
shoulder straps. "He wore overalls while working in the garden."
$\hfill\square$ overcoat: a long, heavy coat worn over clothes in cold weather. "He put on his
overcoat because it was snowing."

 $\ \square$  oxcart: a cart pulled by an ox, used historically for transporting goods. "They

rode in an oxcart on the old village road."

**Object Words** 

Places Words
□ oasis: a spot in a desert with water and plants. "They found an oasis in the middle
of the desert."
□ observatory: a place with a big telescope to look at stars and planets. "They visit-
ed the observatory to get a better view of the stars."
$\hfill\Box$ office: a place where people work. "She goes to an office downtown for her job."
$\hfill \Box$ oil rig: a structure used for drilling oil. "He worked on an oil rig in the ocean."
□ opera: a place where people watch singers perform long music stories. "They saw
a singer perform a beautiful song at the opera."
□ orchard: a place where fruit trees are grown. "They visited an apple orchard."
□ outskirts: the edges of a town or city. "Their house is on the outskirts of town, near
the forest."
$\hfill\square$ overpass: a bridge that goes over a road. "The train went over the overpass while

Nature and Environment Words
$\hfill\square$ obsidian: black or dark glass that's formed from cooling lava. "The arrowhead
was made of obsidian."
$\hfill\square$ ocean: a large body of saltwater. "They went to the beach to swim in the ocean."
$\hfill\square$ offshore: located in the water a short distance from land. "The fishing boats
anchored offshore to catch fish."
$\hfill\Box$ opal: a precious stone that shimmers with different colors. "She wore a necklace
with an opal on it."
$\hfill \Box$ ore: a type of rock that contains minerals. "They mined ore from the mountain."
$\hfill\Box$ orchid: a type of flower that grows in tropical climates. "She admired the colorful
orchid at the botanical garden."
□ organic: related to or derived from nature; not exposed to traditional farming
chemicals. "They bought organic fruit from the local farmer."

we waited below."

$\square$ outcrop: a visible exposure of rock. "They climbed the rocky outcrop."	
$\square$ outdoors: any area outside. "They spent the afternoon playing outdoors."	
□ overcast: covered with clouds. "The sky was overcast and gray."	
$\hfill \Box$ overgrowth: an excessive growth of plants and vegetation. "The abandoned lot	
was covered with overgrowth."	
□ oxbow: a U-shaped bend in a river. "The river formed an oxbow."	
$\square$ oxygen: a gas that is essential for breathing. "Plants produce oxygen through	
photosynthesis."	
$\hfill \Box$ ozone: a form of oxygen high in the Earth's atmosphere that absorbs ultraviolet	
radiation from the sun. "The ozone layer helps to protect us from harmful sun rays."	

Emotion and trait words
$\hfill\Box$ obedient: willing to follow orders or instructions. "The dog was very obedient to
its owner."
$\hfill\square$ observant: good at noticing things. "She was observant and saw details others
missed."
$\hfill \Box$ open-minded: willing to consider new ideas. "She was open-minded and listened
to everyone's opinions."
$\hfill \Box$ opinionated: having strong views. "He was very opinionated and liked to
debate."
□ optimistic: hopeful and confident about the future. "She was optimistic about her
chances of winning the game."
□ organized: a preference to have things arranged in an orderly way. "His desk
was very organized."
$\hfill\square$ outgoing: friendly and socially confident. "She was outgoing and made friends
easily."
□ outrage: an extremely strong reaction of anger or shock. "The decision caused
public outrage."
□ overjoyed: extremely happy. "She was overjoyed by the surprise party."
$\hfill\square$ overwhelmed: feeling unable to cope with too much at once. "He felt over-
whelmed by the amount of homework"



Action Words
□ obtain: to get something. "He obtained a sticker for good behavior."
□ occupy: to fill or take up space or time. "The books occupy the entire shelf."
□ offend: to hurt someone's feelings. "He didn't mean to offend his friend with his
words."
□ operate: to control the functioning of something. "He learned how to operate the
machine."
$\hfill\Box$ opt: to make a choice. "She decided to opt for the vegetarian meal."
$\hfill \Box$ optimize: to make the best use of a something. "They worked to optimize the
website for better performance."
$\hfill \square$ oscillate: to swing back and forth. "The fan will oscillate to blow air around the
room."
$\hfill\square$ overcome: to succeed in dealing with a problem. "She managed to overcome her
fear of heights."
□ overlook: to miss seeing something. "She overlooked her sock under the bed."
□ overtake: to catch up with and pass. "The runner managed to overtake his com-
petitor."